

**IN THE CLAIMS**

10. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing an image display body for use with a 3D image display comprising:

laminating a film having phase difference functionality onto a transparent support with an adhesive agent interposed;

attaching transparent resist members in specified positions onto said film;

eliminating regions of said film where transparent resist members are not present;

immersing a resulting assembly in hot water; and

drying said assembly;

wherein said transparent resist members are not stripped from said film.

12. (Original) The method of claim 27 further comprising;

superimposing a display member on said protective member on a side of said protective member opposite a side of said protective member adjacent said resist members.

13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10 wherein said film having phase difference functionality is formed by laminating:

a non-birefringent film selected from the group consisting of TAC films and CAB films that does not possess birefringence and

a drawn PVA film having phase difference functionality

onto a transparent support with an adhesive agent interposed so that the non-birefringent film is positioned on a side adjacent said adhesive agent.

14. (Original) The method of claim 10 wherein an orientation of molecules of said film having phase difference functionality at spaces between specified positions of said resist members is relaxed as water permeates due to immersing the resulting assembly in hot water.
15. (Original) The method of claim 10 wherein said film having phase difference functionality does not possess birefringence.
16. (Original) The method of claim 27 wherein said protective member are non-birefringent.
17. (Original) The method of claim 10 wherein upon passage of a light signal through said specified positions on said film having phase difference functionality, said light signal undergoes a polarization rotation, and upon passage of a light signal between said specified positions on said film having phase difference functionality, said light signal does not undergo a polarization rotation.
18. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein said TAC film is approximately 126  $\mu\text{m}$ . thick.
19. (Original) The method of claim 10 wherein said PVA is unilaterally drawn and approximately 38  $\mu\text{m}$  thick.

20. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein said film having phase difference functionality is a  $\frac{1}{2}$  wave plate.

21. (Original) The method of claim 10 wherein said immersion in hot water comprises immersion for approximately 30 seconds at a temperature of 80 °C.

22. (Currently Amended) A An image display body for use with a 3D image display ~~body~~ manufactured according to the method of claim 10, wherein locations of resist members function as image display regions that impart polarization change to light passing therethrough, and wherein locations between resist members function as image display regions that do not impart polarization change to light passing therethrough.

23. (Original) The image display body of claim 22 wherein said film having phase difference functionality comprises a lamination of TAC and PVA film.

24. (Original) The image display body of claim 22 wherein a phase of a transmitted light is shifted 180° between portions where said resist members are present and portions in said spaces where no resist members are present.

25. (Original) The image display body of claim 22 wherein widths of resist members are approximately 160  $\mu\text{m}$  in width and are applied from one side of said image display body with a pitch of approximately 160  $\mu\text{m}$ .

26. (Currently Amended) The ~~polarizer~~ image display body of claim 22 wherein said resist members are square bodies in a staggered arrangement.

27. (Original) The method as in claim 10, further comprising attaching a protective member to said resist members.

28. (Original) The method as in claim 10, wherein said transparent resist members comprise urethane based resist ink.